British Revert to Pre-Election Policy, Major Blow to Plans for MI

Staff Reporter

American plans for creation of the multilateral nuclear force within NATO received a ing new Western agreements man Foreign Minister Germajor blow yesterday when with the Soviet Union. the British Labor government reverted to its preelection policly of total opposition to its central feature.

That is the idea of mixed manning by sailors of several participating nations for the proposed 25 surface vessels armed with Polaris missiles.

After a long weekend of policy meetings, top-level Prime Minister Harold Wilson told the House of Commons that his government believes such a mix-manned fleet would add nothing to Western

pate the Atlantic alliance's Dean Rusk while he was current strength and might add to the difficulties of reach-

There was no public American comment on Wilson's statement, coming as it did after his earlier talk and actions had led some here to think that he might agree to at least limited mixed man- alliance and "we stick to it." ning as part of a bargain for bringing Britain into a modi- an alliance to get all together fied and enlarged MLF.

Word of Wilson's remarks

Prime Minister Wilson attacks U.S. proposal for nuclear mixed-manned Page A20.

strength, likely would dissi-reached Secretary of State meeting here with West Gerhard Schroeder. They will take up the MLF problem today.

Schroeder later told newsmen that his government considers that MLF "will have an integrating effect" on the He said it was "important in to work on nuclear policy irrespective of nuclear ownership."

And "up to now" the MLF is the best idea on how to do that, he added. He also said

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that "we expect to get some | rent as "dangerous" and he British proposals."

Bargaining Expected

Both in London and Washington diplomats tended to view Wilson's words as part of a bargaining position, though it was conceded in very firm on the key issue of mixed manning.

way one official put it here.

on Dec. 7, followed by a day another statement of opposi-German fingers. tion from French President de Gaulle.

powerful and influential within the world of liberty" although "certainly allied to the New World." But Wilson a rate European nuclear deter-

called de Gaulle's views "nostalgic delusions."

Finger on Trigger

Central to the whole argument over MLF is the future of Germany in the alliance. both capitals that they were MLF would give the Germans at least a partial finger on the nuclear trigger, though not a "We know it's tough," is the finger of their own alone. Wilson yesterday, however, The blow from Wilson, who reiterated the Labor Party's will come to Washington to long-time opposition to "more meet with President Johnson fingers on the trigger," presumably meaning especially

If Britain does not enter MLF and France stays out, as The French leader on Sun- is expected, the new force day had reiterated his call would be basically American for "a Europe independent, and German, with perhaps Italy and some smaller nations also participating.

Yesterday's Rusk-Schroeder talks were confined to a reweek earlier had struck at view of East-West problems the de Gaulle idea of a sepa-and the old one of German reunification. It was agreed that little can be done with Moscow until the new regime there has shaken down and until the future of the Soviet quarrel with China is more evident.

Today Schroeder will confer again with Rusk, address the National Press Club and meet with Defense Secretary Robert S. McNamara before flying to New York for a talk there with Vice Presidentelect Hubert H. Humphrey before returning to Bonn.